

COUNTY OFFICERS AND COURTS (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 14 July 1879 *per*,

COPIES " of the TREASURY MINUTE appointing a COMMITTEE in the Year 1878 to Report, amongst other Matters, as to the best manner of giving effect to the Provisions of the Fifteenth Section of 'THE COUNTY OFFICERS AND COURTS (IRELAND) ACT, 1877 : " "

" And, of the REPORT of such COMMITTEE."

Treasury Chambers, Whitehall, }
17 July 1879.

HENRY SELWIN IBBETSON.

COPY of TREASURY MINUTE, dated 6th May 1878.

Write to the Under Secretary for Ireland :—

Sir,

I AM directed by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 23rd ultimo, respecting the collection of the fees and emoluments of the clerks of the Crown and Peace, and I am to state, for the information of his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, that it has been represented to this Board by the Treasury Remembrancer in Ireland, that the arrangements for the collection of these fees are not yet quite satisfactory, inasmuch as in addition to the fees to be taken under the 83rd Section of the County Officers and Courts Act, and which are referred to in the Circular Letter of 8th April accompanying your last communication, there are the fees received by the clerks of the Peace and clerks of the Crown, which are comprised under various heads in the Local Taxation Ireland Returns. In these Returns for 1875, the fees in question are described as receivable under " Statute, Custom, or Authority," and the whole of them would under 3rd paragraph of Section 21 of 40 & 41 Vict. c. 56, be payable, after the union of the offices, to the Exchequer; but my Lords do not believe that any directions have yet been given with regard to the fees payable by " Custom or Authority."

They understand that the fees taken on " Appeals from Magistrates' Convictions " and " Emoluments and Fees not Classed," and also the " Fees received by Clerks of the Crown other than those paid by Crown Solicitors," vary slightly in the different counties, and that there is at present no recognised method of collecting the fee of 2 s. 6 d. on the renewal of publicans' licences, but that each clerk of the peace has hitherto collected it in his own way.

My Lords are also informed that in addition to these fiscal points, on which it is desirable that some common action should be concerted, the books and forms supplied to the clerks of the Crown and Peace have not hitherto been uniform, a course which, if continued, will lead to increased expense. There is also the question of the allowance to be made under the 15th Section of the Act for clerical assistance, postage, books, stationery, &c.

My Lords have, therefore, to propose for his Grace's consideration that a committee of three or four clerks of the Crown and Peace, who might, perhaps with advantage, be associated with the Treasury Remembrancer, should be appointed to consider the above points, and advise—

1. As to the best mode of collection of the fees taken by custom or authority.
2. To decide upon an uniform pattern of forms and books.
3. In what manner the fees included in the " Gazette " of March can most conveniently be received and accounted for.
4. The best manner of giving effect to the provisions of the 15th Section of the Act.

Should his Grace concur in this view, my Lords request that you will communicate with three or four clerks of the Crown and peace, and request them to act on this committee, which it would seem desirable should meet in time to settle the questions referred to before the next quarter sessions.

Acquaint the Treasury Remembrancer that my Lords have suggested to the Irish Government the formation of such a committee as is suggested in this letter, and that he should be associated with the clerks of the Crown and Peace in the inquiry.

COPY of the REPORT of the COMMITTEE appointed to inquire into certain Matters connected with the COLLECTION of FEES under the COUNTY COURTS and OFFICERS ACT, 1877.

To his Grace the Most Noble John Winston Spencer Churchill, Duke of Marlborough, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland:

May it please your Grace,
In pursuance of your Grace's letter, whereby it was referred to us to consider—

- I. As to the best mode of collection of the fees taken by custom or authority;
- II. To decide upon an uniform pattern of forms and books;
- III. In what manner the fees included in the Gazette of the 5th March last can most conveniently be received and accounted for;
- IV. The best manner of giving effect to the provisions of the 15th section of the Act 40 & 41 Vict. c. 56;

We humbly submit the following as our Report:—

The fees receivable by the clerks of the Crown and Peace may be arranged under three heads:—

1. Those received on Criminal Business—
 - (a) Under statute;
 - (b) Under usage.
2. Those received on Civil Business, which, with one exception, are by Statute.
3. Those under the Order in Council of 19th February 1878, as set forth in the Dublin Gazette of 5th March 1878, page 261.

The whole of these fees are stated in detail in the Appendix to this Report.

In the counties in which the offices of clerk of the Crown and clerk of the peace are not yet united, we recommend that the existing practice should be left undisturbed, and that the fees should continue to be received in cash.

As regards the fees in these counties, the Exchequer has as yet no interest; but in the counties in which the offices have been united we recommend that the whole of the fees should be taken in stamps.

We do not anticipate any difficulty in the two systems working side by side. It is true that, as regards the fees receivable under the heads 1 and 2, there is no statutable power in the Treasury to compel their payment by stamps since the 83rd section of the Act, as explained by the interpretation clause, does not apply to them, but if a Treasury direction is given on the subject, we are of opinion that it will be accepted and acted upon by the solicitors, though the fees thus excepted from the Act are rather numerous, as stated in the Schedule, their gross money value is but small.

In the Local Taxation Return for 1876 their total amount for the year 1876 was only 1,006*l*. The fees hitherto paid by the Crown solicitors will not continue.

The only fee about the collection of which there may be some difficulty is the annual fee paid by publicans; they are required by 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 68, s. 10, amended by 37 & 38 Vict. c. 69, s. 15, within six days after the issue or renewal of their license, to give a written notice to the clerk of the peace containing certain particulars, and pay a fee of 2*s*. 6*d*.

As the parties liable to pay this fee are so scattered, its collection would be,

as it always has been, a difficulty, but its proceeds amount to over 2,000 £ a year.

We think that these fees can be collected with convenience to the publican and with much advantage to the revenue,—

1. By directing clerks of the Crown and peace to receive, either by post or otherwise, the notice required by the 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 68, s. 10, amended by 37 & 38 Vict. c. 69, s. 15, impressed with a 2 s. 6 d. stamp issued under this Act.

2. By directing clerks of the Crown and peace, on or before the 1st of September in each year, to transmit to clerks of petty sessions a copy of the register which they are required to keep under Section 15 of the last-mentioned Act.

3. By instructing justices of the peace and clerks of petty sessions to see that licenses, for the renewal of which applications are being made, shall have been previously registered with the clerks of the peace.

This procedure, if adopted, will not only secure payment of the fees, but provide an effectual means of checking the fees which have been received, whilst it would give effect to the intentions of the Legislature by enabling the justices at petty sessions to have a list of licensed persons before them; it would also relieve publicans of the necessity of attending at the offices of the clerk of the peace and paying the statutable fee in cash. There is a fee of 2 s. 6 d., which is payable by publicans to the clerks of the peace on the granting of the original certificate for a license. We recommend that the Inland Revenue shall issue to their distributors certificates for the foregoing purposes, impressed with a 2 s. 6 d. stamp, under the Acts in question.

As regards the mode in which the fees should be paid by the solicitors, &c., we recommend that the parties paying them should be required to present at the office of the clerk of the Crown and Peace a requisition or precept showing the nature of the business on which the fee is payable. These requisitions should be printed and should be obtainable from the stamp distributors.

It will be desirable that these requisitions should in every case have an impressed stamp, and that, with the exception of requisitions for the entry of civil bills for checking and signing decrees, and subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses, separate requisitions should be necessary in every instance. In the cases of the exceptions mentioned separate requisitions would be inconvenient, and therefore one requisition might be allowed to cover a number of cases of a similar kind on which the same fee is payable, and as adhesive stamps would then have to be used in all the cases except the first, care should be taken that they are cancelled by perforation before the requisitions are acted upon by the officer.

It will be the business of the clerk of the Crown and Peace to see that the proper requisition is in each case used, so as to secure the payment of the proper stamp duty.

The forms for these requisitions should be carefully prepared in communication with the Inland Revenue.

Early in each quarter the clerks of the Crown and Peace should forward to the Deputy Paymaster General a schedule showing the number of cases under each head in respect of which fees had been paid in their offices during the preceding quarter. The schedule should be supported by the stamped requisitions, and it should be accompanied by a certificate from the clerk of the Crown and Peace that the items contained in it had been compared with the entries in the books of his office and had been found to be correct; as the books of the office can at any time be subjected to local audit or inspection if it is considered desirable, the system which we recommend ought to be a complete check against any malpractices amongst the subordinates employed.

If these views are adopted, it appears to us that it will be necessary that, in compliance with the 21st Section of the County Officers Act, 1877, a Treasury Order should be issued directing that the fees which are to be paid under that Act to the clerks of the Crown and Peace in united offices should be taken in stamps, and also that directions should be given for all other fees, whether statutable or customary, which are received by them, should be paid in the same manner.

We recommend that the Schedule of the authorised fees annexed to this Report should be printed and sent to each of the clerks of the Crown and Peace, whether the offices are united or not.

We have prepared the annexed patterns of forms and books to be used in the office of the clerks of the Crown and Peace after the union of the offices. We recommend their adoption, and that the Stationery Office should be directed to prepare and keep in stock a sufficient number of them to meet the requirements of the united offices. It would be desirable that the first supply should be ready before the next October Sessions.

As regards the amount which should be provided for under the 15th Section of the County Offices and Courts (Ireland) Act of 1877, we consider it advisable that the counties should be divided into four classes, with reference to the liabilities which will attach to the combined office of the clerks of the Crown and Peace, under the following heads of duty:—

1. Attendance in court on chairmen of counties.
2. The number of Crown proceedings.
3. The number of presentments to be abstracted.
4. The number of suits entered for hearing.
5. The number of ejections and land cases entered for hearing.
6. The number of appeals from magistrates' decisions and applications for licenses.
7. The number of appeals at assizes.

We annex a list of the counties, classified in the manner we recommend, with a return showing the business done in the several offices of the clerks of the Crown and Peace in the year 1876.

We recommend that there should be paid annually to the officers holding the combined offices the following scale of salaries and allowances:—

To those in the 1st class	-	-	£. 275	£. 75	£. 350
" " 2nd class	-	-	200	30	230
" " 3rd class	-	-	100	90	190
" " 4th class	-	-	100	60	160

In Cork there are two county court judges, though there is only one clerk of the Crown and one clerk of the Peace for the whole county. A double staff has therefore to be maintained, so that the two offices may be represented in the courts of both the chairmen. A special sum should be, therefore, given in the case of this county, and we think that 350*l.* should be paid for salaries, and 350*l.* for allowances.

If the scales we have suggested are adopted, the cost will be,—

12 first-class counties, at 350 <i>l.</i> each	-	-	£.	4,200
1 " " " 700 <i>l.</i> each	-	-		700
6 second-class " " 230 <i>l.</i> each	-	-		1,380
7 third-class " " 190 <i>l.</i> each	-	-		1,330
7 fourth-class " " 160 <i>l.</i> each	-	-		1,120
				£. 8,730

We have included County Antrim in the first class, and County Dublin in the second class; but if the clerkships of the Peace for the cities of Dublin and Belfast should ever be united with the combined offices for the counties, a special arrangement will be necessary for the salaries and office allowances.

We have, &c.
 (signed) *Edward Geale.*
B. Whitney.
Geo. Gerald Tyrrell.
William D'Alton.
John Galloway.
H. Murray.

31 August 1878.

RETURN of BUSINESS in the OFFICES of CLERKS of the CROWN and PEACE in Ireland, in the Year 1876, prepared from Official Returns.

CLASS I.

Number.	COUNTY.	Number of Days Chairman sat in 1874.	Crown Proceedings for Five Years, 1872 to 1876.	Crown Proceedings for 1876.	Number of Presentments Abstracted, Compared, Computed, Issued, &c.	Number of Suits entered for Hearing.	Number of Motions entered for Hearing.	Number of Land Cases entered for Hearing.	Appeals from Magistrates and Applications for Licenses.	Appeals at Assizes.
1	Armagh - - - -	79	845	302	3,663	3,167	146	24	110	53
2*	Armagh - - - -	110	1,682	390	2,225	5,628	151	34	124	31
	Ballist Recorder - - -	-	-	-	-	2,528	31	-	103	8
3†	Cork County - - - -	-	1,565	596	4,701	8,867	373	17	265	69
	City Recorder - - - -	150 & 169	692	123	180	1,947	72	-	84	4
4	Down - - - -	88	534	307	3,545	4,261	234	21	166	45
5	Dublin - - - -	65	203	77	3,019	6,108	230	20	141	14
6‡	Dublin, City Recorder - -	-	3,612	783	-	3,794	922	-	243	-
7	Galway - - - -	-	753	162	2,421	4,380	224	6	189	13
	Recorder - - - -	66	143	26	126	126	8	-	45	-
8	Kerry - - - -	69	794	115	1,586	4,795	319	9	165	11
9	Limerick - - - -	94	759	151	1,837	4,664	389	3	132	18
	City - - - -	-	533	98	63	-	-	-	70	4
10	Londonderry - - - -	77	607	101	1,351	4,567	328	58	115	20
11	Mayo - - - -	73	1,064	236	1,594	5,802	280	26	137	71
12	Tipperary - - - -	79	838	150	2,541	4,864	232	6	181	17
13	Tyrene - - - -	74	424	60	1,001	4,300	435	45	127	28

CLASS II.

1	Carrick - - - -	56	469	64	1,665	2,726	211	18	86	25
2	Dublin County - - - -	52	556	109	-	2,144	84	4	101	-
3	Leitrim - - - -	-	404	115	971	3,033	17	4	27	7
4	Monaghan - - - -	46	466	46	1,230	2,449	189	14	35	16
5	Monaghan - - - -	45	443	91	1,332	2,435	307	34	49	7
6	Sligo - - - -	41	428	91	1,319	2,450	164	7	43	21

CLASS III.

1	Cavan - - - -	66	583	83	1,373	2,264	134	6	68	3
2	Kildare - - - -	31	697	98	1,832	699	43	11	65	7
3	Kilkenny - - - -	42	350	73	2,156	1,520	56	5	43	2
4	Meath - - - -	29	203	44	2,109	1,022	72	4	38	27
5	Queen's County - - - -	38	385	54	915	1,376	92	16	45	4
6	Wexford - - - -	44	517	86	1,569	1,519	74	4	119	9
7	Wicklow - - - -	34	241	51	1,619	705	74	3	42	7

CLASS IV.

1	Culter - - - -	37	180	20	711	772	48	2	28	4
2	Fermanagh - - - -	41	292	50	1,335	1,801	144	34	51	6
3	King's County - - - -	25	285	42	818	950	70	3	26	2
4	Lough - - - -	23	255	45	1,019	1,309	191	4	45	3
5	Louth - - - -	31	95	15	416	1,180	63	3	40	6
6	Wexford - - - -	26	268	32	1,843	2,369	164	9	93	4
7	Wicklow - - - -	31	307	55	1,455	509	41	4	33	3

* There is a separate Clerk of Peace for Ardmagh and Ballist.

† There are two County Court Judges.

‡ There are separate Offices for this Court. Dublin County is returned in Class 2.

SCHEDULE of FEES Payable to the CLERKS of the CROWN and PEACE prepared by the CLERKS of the CROWN and PEACE for the Counties of *Armagh, Kildare, and Mayo.*

CROWN SIDE.

Authority.	Description of Fee Receivable.	Crown Office.	Peace Office.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
49 Geo. 3, c. 101 - Usage -	1. For every (a) search in relation to Crown business -	- 2 -	- 1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$
6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 114 -	2. (b) (c) Information, deposition, or inquisition (before coroner) copied for the prosecutor -	- 6 2	- 1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$
49 Geo. 3, c. 101 - 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 114 -	3. (b) (c) Information, deposition, or inquisition (before coroner) copied for prisoner, per folio of 50 words -	- - 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	- - 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
	4. (b) (c) Examination copied for the prosecutor -	- 6 2	- 1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$
	5. (b) (c) Examination copied for the prisoner, per folio of 50 words -	- - 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	- - 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Usage -	6. Indictment entered -	- 6 2	- 3 1
49 Geo. 3, c. 101 -	7. (b) (c) Indictment copied -	- 6 2	- 3 1
	8. (b) (c) Indictment (entry of) copied -	- 3 1	- 3 1
	9. Affidavit filed in relation to Crown business -	- 5 6	- 6 2
	10. (c) Affidavit (attested copy of) in relation to Crown business -	- 5 6	- 6 1
Usage -	11. (d) Rule or order entered -	- 2 2	- 2 2
	12. (b) (c) Rule or order copied -	- 3 1	- 3 1
35 Geo. 3, c. 51 - 49 Geo. 3, c. 101 -	13. (e) Order for expenses of a witness -	- - 6	- - 6
	14. Recognizance for every person ordered to enter into recognizance -	- 7 2	- 6 11
	15. Petition prepared in the office -	- 5 6	-
	16. Petition filed -	- 4 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	-
	17. Bench warrant to contain the names of all persons charged in the indictment against whom bills are found, and who have not appeared -	- 3 1	- 3 1
	18. For every (c) transmit warrant -	- 3 1	-
	19. (c) Crown summons in which four names may be inserted -	- 5 1	- 4 7 $\frac{1}{2}$
9 Geo. 4, c. 54 - 24 & 25 Vict. c. 96, s. 115	20. Certificate of conviction -	- 6 8	- 6 8
	21. Certificate of conviction if issued under the Larceny Act of 1861 -	- 5 -	- 5 -
Annual Motions Act -	22. Certificate of conviction or acquittal issued to the military authorities -	- 5 -	- 3 -
49 Geo. 3, c. 101 - Usage -	23. (e) Certificate (other) in relation to Crown business -	- 3 1	- 3 1
	24. (c) Certificate of any other nature or effect (except of spirit retailers) -	-	- 3 1
	25. (h) Traverse for damages for entering -	1 1 -	-
	26. Record of proceedings for preparing and enrolling, not exceeding two rolls of 600 words each -	1 6 -	1 6 -
	27. Record of proceedings ditto, for every additional roll of 600 words -	- 0 2	- 0 2
	28. (b) (c) Record of proceedings for attested copy of enrolment for every folio of 75 words -	- - 8	- - 8
	29. Taxing costs when the amount allowed shall exceed 5 l., and shall not exceed 20 l. -	- 5 -	- 5 -
	For taxing costs when the amount allowed shall exceed 20 l., and shall not exceed 50 l. -	- 10 -	- 5 -
	Ditto, shall exceed 50 l., and shall not exceed 100 l. -	1 - -	- 5 -
	Ditto - ditto, shall exceed 100 l. -	1 10 -	- 5 -

(a) "Search."—In prosecutions, the ordinary searches are two, viz., search for information, &c., and two searches for finding of grand jury. A search becomes necessary and chargeable also in every case where a copy of any depositions or certificates of any matter of record is required. It is customary, however, to issue the certificates marked Nos. 20, 21, and 22 without charging for the search, though the reason of this is not apparent.

(b) The fee No. 1 for searching to be added to these charges, viz., one search in each case.

(c) Whenever certified copies are required, the fee, No. 23 (for certificate), is also to be added to these charges, viz., one certificate to each copy or set of copies in one case.

(d) Rules.—In prosecutions the ordinary rules are the fee, viz., rule in record finding of grand jury; rule to plead; rule for trial; rule to receive judgment; rule to postpone.

Then, in cases where there are usually - - - 4 rules.

In convictions on plea of guilty - - - 3 "

In acquittals - - - 3 "

In postponements - - - 2 "

In ground bills - - - 1 "

(e) "Order for Witnesses' Expenses."—The right of this fee is not taken away by the Grand Jury Act, although a contrary opinion was formerly sometimes expressed.

(f) "Traverse."—If a certificate of the finding is required, the fee marked Nos. 1 and 20 become payable in addition.

CIVIL SIDE.

Authority.	Description of Fee Receivable.	Fee Office.
20 & 24 Geo. 3, c. 39, s. 2 (Irish).	Filing affidavit of fees planted and copy - - - - -	£. s. d. - 1 4½
5. 8 - - - - -	Search for same - - - - -	- - - 5½
3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 65, s. 5 -	Certificate of publican's license granted - - - - -	- 2 6
23 & 24 Vict. c. 35, s. 2 -	Certificate of reversal on appeal from refusal of justices to grant renewal of license - - - - -	- 2 6
3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 65, s. 10 -	Filing notice of publican's license renewed - - - - -	- 2 6
1 Vict. c. 65, s. 2 - - - -	Searches for papers deposited under Standing Orders of Parliament, per hour - - - - -	- 1 -
22 Vict. c. 14 - - - - -	For every extract, per 100 words - - - - -	- 6 -
	Entry of appeals under Master Courts Act - - - - -	- 6 -
	Signing decrees or dismissals - - - - -	- 6 -
36 & 37 Vict. c. 59, s. 5, and 38 & 39 Vict. c. 27.	For preparing papers for grants of administration; when the assets are under 100 £, half the fees are payable to the Court of Probate:	
	Assets sworn under 50 £ - - - - -	- 5 -
	" " " 50 £ - - - - -	- 6 -
	" " " 40 £ - - - - -	- 7 -
	" " " 30 £ - - - - -	- 8 -
	" " " 20 £ - - - - -	- 9 -
	" " " 10 £ - - - - -	- 10 -
	" " " 5 £ - - - - -	- 11 -
	" " " 2 £ - - - - -	- 12 -
	" " " 1 £ - - - - -	- 13 -
Usage - - - - -	Filing lists of freeholders under 2 & 3 Vict. c. 74, and 38 & 39 Vict. c. 14	- 1 -
40 & 41 Vict. c. 56, and Order of 10th February 1878.	For the entry of every ordinary civil bill, and attending hearing of same when sum claimed does not exceed 2 £, - - - - -	- 3 -
	When sum claimed shall exceed 2 £ - - - - -	- 6 -
	Like in remitted replevin and legacy cases - - - - -	- 1 -
	Upon the entry of appearance or defence in all cases - - - - -	- 3 -
	Checking and signing every decree or dismissal - - - - -	- 6 -
	Like in remitted replevin and legacy cases - - - - -	- 1 -
	Checking affidavit, and entering and signing every renewal - - - - -	- 6 -
	For the entry of every civil bill ejectment - - - - -	- 1 0 -
	Entry of defence in all ejectment cases - - - - -	- 6 -
	Checking, signing, entering, and recording every ejectment, decree, or dismissal or writ of restitution - - - - -	- 1 6 -
	Comparing and initialing certificates of rent in ejectment - - - - -	- 6 -
	For every recognizance and certificate of appeal, and entering appeal, with judges' registers - - - - -	- 1 -
	Attending hearing of appeal, and entering order thereon - - - - -	- 1 -
	For each search in civil bill or ejectment books, and certificate of ruling, if required - - - - -	- 1 4 -
	For each subpoena for attendance of a witness, and copy - - - - -	- 6 -
	For each replevin order - - - - -	- 1 6 -
	Entering verdict of a jury - - - - -	- 1 -
	For each affidavit filed in civil cases - - - - -	- 1 -
	For every notice prepared and forwarded by the clerk of the peace in proceedings by default - - - - -	- 1 -
	For copies of inventories of assets in legacy cases, per folio of 72 words - - - - -	- 4 -
	For taking oaths in remitted cases - - - - -	- 1 -
	For every entry of an application to amend a magistrate's precept - - - - -	- 1 -
	For checking and signing order made thereon - - - - -	- 1 -
	For every docket of deposit of compensation of money under the Land Act - - - - -	- 2 -
	For every search for registry of improvements under the same Act - - - - -	- 2 -
	For entering each petition in cases of insolvent debtors - - - - -	- 2 6 -
27 & 28 Vict. c. 99, s. 50 -	For preparing a fresh recognizance in cases of appeal when required so to do - - - - -	- 3 6 -
25 & 26 Vict. c. 58, s. 81, and Order of 26th March 1874.	On order referring bankruptcy proceedings - - - - -	- 10 -
38 & 39 Vict. c. 27, s. 10 -	For stamping an unstamped document given in evidence, duty and penalty being lodged in court - - - - -	1 - -
5 & 6 Vict. c. 89, s. 75 -	Inspection of drainage awards - - - - -	- - 6 -
	Copies of same, per 72 words - - - - -	- - 1½ -

COUNTY OFFICERS AND COURTS
(IRELAND)

COPIES of the Treasurer Reports appearing
in Comptrols in the Year 1822 to Report,
except when Motion, or in the last manner of
giving effect to the Principles of the Treasury,
Notice of "The County Officers and
Courts (Ireland) Act, 1822," and, of the
Revenue of each County.

(The Officer Act)

Ordered by the House of Commons, to be Printed,
17 July 1822.
